



basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

MUSIC P2

FEBRUARY/MARCH 2017

MARKS: 30

TIME: 1½ hours

CENTRE NUMBER:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

EXAMINATION NUMBER:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY						
QUESTION	MARKS OBTAINED			MODERATED		
	MAX	MARKS OBTAINED	SIGN	MODERATED MARKS	SIGN	
	10	1		10	1	
1	4					
2	6					
3	4					
4/5/6	8					
7	8					
TOTAL	30					

This question paper consists of 19 pages and 1 page of manuscript paper.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. This question paper consists of THREE sections:

SECTION A: Aural (10)
SECTION B: Recognition (12)
SECTION C: Form (8)
2. QUESTION 1, QUESTION 2, QUESTION 3 and QUESTION 7 are COMPULSORY.
3. Answer QUESTION 4: Western Art Music (WAM) OR QUESTION 5: Jazz OR QUESTION 6: Indigenous African Music (IAM).
4. Write ALL your answers on this question paper. Use a pencil for music notation and blue or black ink for the other answers.
5. This examination will be written while the candidates are listening to a CD.
6. The music teacher of the centre must conduct the examination in the presence of the invigilator.
7. The last page of this question paper is manuscript paper intended for rough work. The candidate MAY NOT remove this page.
8. Candidates may NOT have access to any musical instrument for the duration of this examination.
9. Candidates must take note of the mark allocation at each question to provide enough information in their answers.
10. Write neatly and legibly.

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE PERSON OPERATING THE SOUND EQUIPMENT

1. The instructions for the music teacher appear in frames.
2. Each musical extract (track) must be played the number of times specified in the question paper.
3. Allow adequate time between tracks to give candidates time to think and write their answers before playing the next track.
4. The number of the track must be announced clearly each time before it is played.
5. If a school offers more than one stream, (Western Art Music (WAM), Jazz, Indigenous African Music (IAM), the following guidelines must be followed:
 - Each stream must write the examination in a separate venue.
 - Each venue must be equipped with suitable sound equipment.
 - Each venue must have its own CD with musical extracts.
 - An invigilator must be present in each venue.
6. The tracks have to be played as follows:
 - WAM candidates: Tracks 1–19 and Tracks 33–36
 - Jazz candidates: Tracks 1–13, Tracks 20–23 and Tracks 33–36
 - IAM candidates: Tracks 1–13, Tracks 24–32 and Tracks 33–36
7. A battery-powered CD player must be available in case of a power failure.

SUMMARY OF MARKS

SECTION A: AURAL	TOTAL
QUESTION 1 (COMPULSORY)	4
QUESTION 2 (COMPULSORY)	6
SUBTOTAL	10
SECTION B: RECOGNITION	TOTAL
QUESTION 3 (COMPULSORY)	4
QUESTION 4 (WAM) OR	8
QUESTION 5 (JAZZ) OR	8
QUESTION 6 (IAM)	8
SUBTOTAL	12
SECTION C: FORM	TOTAL
QUESTION 7 (COMPULSORY)	8
SUBTOTAL	8
GRAND TOTAL	30

SECTION A: AURAL**QUESTION 1**

Play Track 1 TWICE in succession.

- 1.1 Listen to the melodic and rhythmic phrase. Notate the rhythm of the missing notes in bars 3–4 below.



(3)

Play Track 1 TWICE again.

Play Track 2 THREE times in succession.

- 1.2 Which ONE of the extracts below best represents the solo violin part? Make a cross (X) in the appropriate block.

☐☐☐(1)
[4]

Play Track 2 ONCE more.

QUESTION 2

Play Track 3 ONCE to provide a general overview.

Listen to the extract from *Menuet in G* by Mozart. Answer the questions that follow.

Menuet in G

Mozart

The musical score for the first 16 measures of the Minuet in G major by Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart. The piece is in 3/4 time. The notation is as follows:

- Measures 1-4:** The right hand plays a melody starting on G4, moving up stepwise to B4, then down to A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4, C4. The left hand provides a bass line starting on G2, moving up stepwise to B2, then down to A2, G2, F#2, E2, D2, C2. A bracket labeled "2.1" spans measures 3 and 4.
- Measures 5-8:** The right hand continues the melody with a triplet of eighth notes (D4, E4, F#4) and a trill on G4. The left hand continues the bass line. A bracket labeled "(a)" spans measures 7 and 8.
- Measures 9-12:** The right hand plays a melody starting on G4, moving up stepwise to B4, then down to A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4, C4. The left hand continues the bass line. A bracket labeled "(b)" spans measures 11 and 12.
- Measures 13-16:** The right hand continues the melody with a triplet of eighth notes (D4, E4, F#4) and a trill on G4. The left hand continues the bass line. A bracket labeled "(c)" spans measures 15 and 16.

Play Track 4 TWICE.

- 2.1 The notation of bars 2^{3b} – 4^2 has been omitted at 2.1 in the score. Fill in the missing pitches on the score that correspond to the music that you hear. (3)

Play Track 5 ONCE.

- 2.2 Name the cadence at (a) in bars 7^3 – 8^2 . (The track starts in bar 1.)
_____ (1)

Play Track 6 ONCE.

- 2.3 Listen to the music in bars 8^3 – 12^2 . Which compositional technique is used at (b)? (The track starts in bar 8^3 .)
_____ (1)

Play Track 7 TWICE.

- 2.4 Complete the missing bass notes at (c) on the score. (The track starts in bar 12^3 .) (1)
[6]

Play Track 8 for a final overview.

TOTAL SECTION A: 10

SECTION B: RECOGNITION OF MUSIC CONCEPTS**QUESTION 3: GENERAL LISTENING (COMPULSORY)**

Listen to the following tracks and answer the questions that follow.

Play Track 9 ONCE.

- 3.1 Listen to the music and indicate ONE feature that you hear. Make a cross (X) in the appropriate block.

Pesante	Orchestra	Pizzicato	String ensemble
---------	-----------	-----------	-----------------

(1)

Play Track 10 TWICE.

- 3.2 Choose any ONE item in COLUMN A and briefly describe what you hear in COLUMN B.

COLUMN A	COLUMN B DESCRIPTION
Tonality	
Vocal technique	
Voice type	

(1)

Play Track 11 TWICE.

- 3.3 Choose any TWO items in COLUMN A and briefly describe what you hear in COLUMN B.

COLUMN A	COLUMN B DESCRIPTION
Compositional technique	
Harmony	
Time signature	

(2)

Play Tracks 12 and 13 in succession.

- 3.4 In Tracks 12 and Track 13 you will hear TWO different performances of the same piece. Compare these two extracts in terms of the following:

ELEMENT	COMPARISON	
	Track 12	Track 13
Instrumentation		
Texture		
Style		
Use of rhythm		

(8 ÷ 2)

(4)
[4]

Answer QUESTION 4 (WAM) OR QUESTION 5 (JAZZ) OR QUESTION 6 (IAM).

QUESTION 4: WAM

4.1 Listen to the following extract and answer the questions that follow.

Play Track 14 ONCE.

4.1.1 Name the work from which this extract has been taken.

_____ (1)

4.1.2 Identify the tonality of this extract. Make a cross (X) in the appropriate block.

Chromatic	Modal	Major
-----------	-------	-------

 (1)

Play Track 15 ONCE.

4.1.3 Describe the melodic line.

_____ (2)

4.1.4 Identify the cadence at the end of this extract.

_____ (1)

4.2 Listen to the extract from Mozart's *The Magic Flute* in Track 16 and answer the questions that follow.

Play Track 16 TWICE.

4.2.1 Name the character who sings in this extract.

_____ (1)

4.2.2 What does this character represent in the opera?

_____ (1)

4.2.3 Name the voice type that you hear in this extract.

_____ (1)

4.2.4 Suggest a suitable Italian tempo indication for this extract.

_____ (1)

4.2.5 Where in the opera is this extract sung?

(1)

4.2.6 Describe what is happening in the storyline at this point.

(1)

4.3 Listen to the extract from Beethoven's *Symphony No. 6* in Track 17 and answer the questions that follow.

Play Track 17 ONCE.

4.3.1 Choose the term that refers to this extract. Make a cross (X) in the appropriate block.

Tutti	Ostinato	Attacca	Melisma
-------	----------	---------	---------

(1)

Play Track 18 ONCE.

4.3.2 Name the woodwind instrument which plays the high-pitched melodic fragment in this extract.

(1)

4.3.3 From which movement of the *Symphony No. 6* by Beethoven has this extract been taken?

(1)

Play Track 19 TWICE.

4.4 Describe TWO style characteristics that you hear in this extract.

(2)

(16 ÷ 2)

[8]

TOTAL SECTION B: 12

OR

QUESTION 5: JAZZ

5.1 Listen to the extracts below and answer the questions that follow.

Play Track 20 TWICE.

- 5.1.1 With which of the following styles would you associate this extract?
Make a cross (X) in the appropriate block.

Kwela	Cape jazz	Modern jazz
-------	-----------	-------------

(1)

- 5.1.2 Identify the piece in this extract.

(1)

- 5.1.3 Name TWO artists that are associated with the music style in this extract.

(2)

- 5.1.4 Identify TWO idiophones that are part of the rhythm section in the music in this extract.

(2)

5.2 Listen to the Track 21 and answer the questions that follow.

Play Track 21 TWICE.

- 5.2.1 Identify the jazz style in this extract.

(1)

- 5.2.2 Give reasons, related to the music, for your answer to QUESTION 5.2.1.

(3)

- 5.2.3 Which jazz artist from the 1950s had an influence on this type of jazz?

(1)

5.3 Listen to Track 22 and answer the questions that follow.

Play Track 22 TWICE.

5.3.1 Give reasons why you would regard the extract as a typical Cape jazz piece.

(3)

Play Track 23 ONCE.

5.3.2 Describe the style of saxophone-playing in your own words.

(2)

(16 ÷ 2)

[8]

OR

QUESTION 6: IAM

6.1 Listen to the extracts below and answer the questions that follow.

Play Track 24 ONCE.

6.1.1 Identify the style of music in this extract.

_____ (1)

Play Track 25 THREE times in succession.

6.1.2 Choose the order in which the instruments appear. Make a cross (X) in the appropriate block.

INSTRUMENT ORDER	
Drums/Percussion, piano, bass guitar	
Drums/Percussion, bass guitar, piano	
Drums/Percussion, piano and bass guitar	

(1)

Play Track 26 ONCE.

6.1.3 What is the role of the female voices in this song?

_____ (1)

6.1.4 What typical African compositional technique is heard in this extract?

_____ (1)

6.2 Listen to the following TWO tracks which will be played in succession and answer the questions that follow.

Play Track 27 and Track 28 ONCE in succession.

6.2.1 The TWO extracts have a similar purpose or function. Explain the purpose or function of the music in these two extracts.

_____ (2)

6.2.2 Indicate ONE group associated with Track 27. Make a cross (X) in the appropriate block.

ZCC	Amazayoni	Apostolic Church	Shembe
-----	-----------	------------------	--------

(1)

Play Track 29 ONCE.

6.2.3 Describe the use of rhythm in the membranophones.

(1)

Play Track 30 ONCE.

6.2.4 Describe the texture of this song.

(1)

6.3 Listen to the extract below and answer the questions that follow.

Play Track 31 THREE times.

6.3.1 With what indigenous South African music style would you associate this extract?

(1)

6.3.2 Which music performance characteristics heard in this extract, are common to the style of music in QUESTION 6.3.1?

(3)

Play Track 32 ONCE.

6.4 Identify the style of music in this extract. Give TWO reasons for your answer.

Style:

Reasons:

(3)
[8]

(16 ÷ 2)

TOTAL SECTION B: 12

SECTION C: FORM**QUESTION 7**

Read and study the questions for ONE minute.

Play Track 33 ONCE to provide an overview.

Listen to the following piece while you study the score.

Why?

Pam Wedgwood

The musical score is written for piano in 4/4 time. It consists of five systems of staves, each with a treble and bass clef. The first system (measures 1-4) features a melody in the treble clef starting on G4, moving up stepwise to B4, and a bass line in the bass clef starting on G2, moving up stepwise to B2. The second system (measures 5-8) continues the melody in the treble clef, moving up to D5, and the bass line in the bass clef, moving up to D3. The third system (measures 9-12) shows the melody in the treble clef moving up to F5, and the bass line in the bass clef moving up to F2. The fourth system (measures 13-16) shows the melody in the treble clef moving up to A5, and the bass line in the bass clef moving up to A1. The fifth system (measures 17-20) shows the melody in the treble clef moving up to C6, and the bass line in the bass clef moving up to C1. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and accidentals.

24

28

32

37

42

47

7.5

7.6

#8

#8

The image displays a musical score for piano, spanning measures 24 to 47. The score is written for two staves, treble and bass. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. There are several dynamic markings, including accents and slurs. The score is divided into systems, with measure numbers 24, 28, 32, 37, 42, and 47 indicated at the beginning of each system. The final measure (47) ends with a double bar line. The score is presented on a white background with black musical notation.

Play Track 33 again.

7.1 What is the overall form of this piece?

(1)

7.2 Motivate your answer to QUESTION 7.1 by giving a schematic layout of the form of this piece. Use the table below.

SECTION (for example C)	BAR NUMBERS (for example 9 ¹ –22 ²)

(3)

7.3 Name the key of this piece.

(1)

7.4 Choose the term that describes the mood of this piece. Make a cross (X) in the appropriate block.

Affettuoso	Giocosso	Maestoso	Mosso
------------	----------	----------	-------

(1)

Play Track 34 TWICE.

7.5 Which compositional technique is used in bars 31–32? (The track starts in bar 31.)

(1)

Play Track 35 TWICE.

7.6 Write down an Italian term which describes what happens to the tempo in bar 34. (The track starts in bar 33.)

(1)
[8]

Play Track 36 for a final overview.

TOTAL SECTION C: 8
GRAND TOTAL: 30

