IFE Level 3 Diploma in Fire Science and Fire Safety (VRQ)

Unit 4: Aviation Fire Operations

Unit Reference Number: R/505/6009

Introduction

This unit focuses on the strategies and activities required to resolve fire and rescue incidents in aviation (civil and military) contexts. It covers pre-planning for incidents, resolving incidents and post-incident activities.

Learning Outcomes

Candidates who achieve this unit should be able to:

- assess fire and rescue incidents and identify appropriate action to resolve the incident safely and with regard to environmental issues
- assess the scale of an evolving incident and know when and how to escalate/handover to appropriate colleagues
- explain the operation of firefighting equipment, knowing when to use equipment and how to manage risks associated with the use of different equipment
- explain emergency planning procedures

Unit Status

Optional

Content

1. Emergency Planning and Procedures

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
1.1 Explain the purpose of pre- planning for any specified emergency and assess the issues for inclusion in different contexts	 Prepare for appropriate response Protect responders, the public and the environment Mitigate impact of incident
1.2 Identify the key components of plans and explain the importance of each	 Components to include: Airport location and topography Access Rendezvous points and marshalling areas Water supplies and drainage systems Rescue and firefighting response and capability

	 Communications
	 Air traffic control
	 Aircraft hazards
	 Features that are useful for planning procedures:
	 Determining the best position for standby
	for emergency vehicles
	 Observation and watching duties
1.3 Explain the involvement of	Stakeholders and local partners
relevant external bodies in pre-	Joint working in planning and incident review
planning	Joint working in planning and incident review
1.4 Detail the categorisation of	Aircraft Accident
emergencies at airports	
emergencies at an ports	
	Aircraft Crash – Off-airfield
	Full Emergency
	Local Standby
	Aircraft Ground Incident
	Bomb Alert/Bomb Suspected
	Weather Standby
	Domestic Fire
1.5 Outline the areas of an airport and	Areas to include:
assess safety implications	Runway
access carrety improcessors	Aircraft stand
	7 111 211 212
	• Apron
	Airside/landside security
	Taxiway
	Airport terminal buildings
	Airport cargo buildings
	Baggage areas
	Maintenance facilities
	Fuel storage
1.6 Outline the range of aircraft and	Types of aircraft:
assess the implications in relation	Fixed wing
to different types of incidents	Rotary wing (helicopters, autogyro etc)
The arms of the control of the contr	o Gliders
	Microlights
	Civilian and military contexts
	Incidents on and off airport to include:
	•
	 Scheduled/chartered flights
	Military Division flights
	Private flights
475 distribution (Air shows and other events
1.7 Explain the importance of	Training requirements of rescue and firefighting
maintaining operational readiness	personnel
and outline how this can be	Methods of training available to test contingency
managed	and pre-determined emergency plans and how they
	can be improved
	Training needs analysis
	Maintaining availability of resources

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2. Incident Command and Management

Functional areas of Incident Command Systems
 Levels of management applied at operational
incidents
 Role of other agencies
 Role and responsibilities of the Incident Commander
at Operational level
 Role and responsibilities of the Sector Commander at incidents
 Relationship between the Incident Commander, the
Sector Commander and the Incident Command System
Role and responsibilities of Command Support
 Progression at an incident from first pump attending
to the arrival of a dedicated vehicle
 Responsibility for determining the cause of an incident
 Range and the types of evidence available at an
operational incident
 Definition of hazard, risk and control measure
 Management of risk at operational incidents
 Dynamic Risk Assessment flowchart
 Tactical mode options available at incidents
 Hierarchy of control measures in relation to risks
Importance of evidence preservation
• Lines of communication available at incidents in
relation to an Incident Commander's span of control
• Impact of poor or inappropriate communication
 Methods of briefing of crews at operational incidents
 Model for sectorisation at operational incidents
Need for evacuation at fires
 Strategy and tactics involved in rescue work
Objectives of ventilation at fires
Aims and principles of salvage/damage control
 Procedures for ensuring the safety of both
personnel and public
 How to identify signs and symptoms of stress in
relation to trauma and/or work based activity
 Actions to reduce the exposure to and impact on
operational personnel and casualties
 Issues to take into consideration in establishing
inner and outer cordon distances
 Environmental considerations and actions to
minimise environmental impact

3. Provision for Firefighting and Rescue Facilities at Airports and Airfields

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
3.1 Explain the categorisation of airports in relation to the firefighting protection to be provided and assess implications	 Relevance of size and type of airport (and the types of aircraft using the airport) when determining the fire protection required including vehicles, equipment and personnel for firefighting Categorisation determined by aircraft overall length and maximum fuselage UK 10 point scale as identified by Civil Aviation Authority OR other relevant categorisation (national/international method)
3.2 Understand how to deploy firefighting equipment and other resources to deal with on airport and off airport scenarios	 Detail the provision of principal and complementary extinguishing media and describe their characteristics Outline the discharge rates for extinguishing agents Provisions of rescue and firefighting vehicles and detail their response times and specifications Explain in detail the meaning of the term "critical area concept"
3.3 Assess the provision of water supplies at airports and airfields and determine strategies to resolve issues	 Provision of supplies of water for firefighting purposes Operational use of water from its supply for firefighting purposes

4. Aircraft Construction

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
4.1 Understand the principles of aircraft construction, the implications for fire and rescue situations and the hazards associated with different materials	 Materials normally used in aircraft construction Features of aircraft construction Features of power systems and services Features of internal fixtures and fittings Aircraft access and evacuation systems Fixed fire protection systems in aircraft Classify passenger emergency exits in terms of type, size and location and be able to determine the number and type of exits to be provided for each side of an aircraft according to passenger carrying capacity
4.2 Describe the various engines used in aircraft and assess the hazards associated with them	Piston enginesGas turbine engines
4.3 Describe the types of aviation fuels that are used and assess the hazards associated with them	 Provision of fuel tanks in aircraft (including military aircraft) Types of fuel used in aircraft (including military aircraft)
4.4 Understand the principles of rotary wing aircraft construction and the	Describe the construction details of rotary wing aircraft

implications for fire and rescue situations	 Categorise the different types of helicopter Discuss access and escape routes provided in rotary wing aircraft Position of engines and the general features of rotor blades
4.5 Understand the principles of military aircraft construction and the implications for fire and rescue	 Access to and exits from military aircraft including cockpit canopies, break-in points and emergency hatches
situations	Types of power systems and services that may be found in military systems
	Types of storage of armaments and pyrotechnics found on board military aircraft

5. Aircraft Firefighting and Rescue Procedures, Equipment and Techniques

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
5.1 Understand the types and causes	Fuselage and passenger cabin fires
of aircraft ground incidents and	Wheel fires and hot brakes
fires that can be encountered and	Engine fires
the methods of dealing with them	Running fuel fires
	Metal fires
	Freight-related hazards and incidents
	Aircraft fuel spillage with and without a fire
	occurring
	Actions of fire and rescue service at "high speed
	accidents" and "low speed accidents"
5.2 Understand the fire tactics and	Approaching the incident
techniques that need to be	Appliance positioning
adopted for attending incidents at	Application of extinguishing agents including foam
airports and assess the	Use of additional water supplies and extinguishing
implications for different situations	agents
	Locating the incident
	Casualty handling
	Working with other organisations
5.3 Understand and apply the	Methods used to evacuate an aircraft by the fire
principles of rescue procedures for	service and rescue personnel
rescue from civil aircraft including	Methods of entry that can be used to gain access to
rotary wing	an aircraft
	Methods of release and rescue of aircrew
	Methods used by the flight crew to evacuate an
	aircraft
5.4 Understand and apply the	Methods of entry used to gain access to military
principles of rescue procedures for	aircraft including access via cockpit canopies
rescue from military aircraft	Dangers presented by ejection seats and the
	principles of making them safe
	Methods of release and rescue of aircrew

6. Post-Incident Procedures and Considerations

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
6.1 Understand how to close down the operation phase of an incident	 Measures to hand over control of an incident to an appropriate person, agency or authority Actions to identify and minimise any unresolved hazards and associated risks within operational constraints How to gather and review all relevant information from internal and external sources for debriefing purposes
 6.2 Explain the process to remove wreckage and other equipment following the incident and assess the safety and environmental issues 6.3 Explain the process to manage the 	 Movement of wreckage and the practice of defuelling Methods of dealing with ignition sources and the evacuation of the surrounding area Need to decontaminate personnel and equipment Environmental considerations Removal and moving of bodies including the
removal of bodies and personal belongings	recording of positions and locations Removal and collation of personal belongings
6.4 Determine the requirements for preservation of evidence at a scene by applying basic fire investigation principles	How to identify and preserve potential evidence identified at the incident
6.5 Understand the principles of, and value of, debriefs and apply these principles to different incident contexts	 How to contribute to a post-incident debrief appropriate to the type and scale of incident How to gather and review all relevant information from internal and external sources How to engage crew in debriefing and to review crew welfare and learning issues How to implement remedial measures to improve future practice and performance

7. Heliports

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
7.1 Outline the points that need to be considered when determining the size of a heliport including the final approach and take-off areas	Factors that need to be considered in choosing a heliport site
7.2 Understand the operation of fire protection measures in relation to heliports	 Levels of fire protection required for heliports Categorisation of heliports in relation to the provisions of fire protection facilities to be provided Response times for fire and rescue personnel at both surface and elevated heliports