IFE Level 3 Diploma in Fire Science and Fire Safety (VRQ)

Unit 6: Fire Service Operations and Incident Command

Unit Reference Number: L/505/6008

This unit focuses on the activities required to resolve fire and rescue incidents. It covers incident command as well as fire and rescue operations and techniques.

Candidates managing fire and rescue operations need to have a wide range of technical knowledge and understanding to enable them to assess risks and manage incidents of different types in different contexts and environments. They need to be able to apply their technical understanding to assess situations, identify an appropriate course of action, prioritise actions and manage risks.

Learning Outcomes

Candidates who achieve this unit should be able to:

- assess fire and rescue incidents and identify appropriate action to resolve the incident safely and with regard to environmental issues
- understand how to supervise activities at incidents including the management of sectors
- assess the scale of an evolving incident and know when and how to escalate/handover to appropriate colleagues
- explain the operation of firefighting equipment, knowing when to use equipment and how to manage risks associated with the use of different equipment
- evaluate risk and identify appropriate action in order to preserve the safety of firefighters and members of the public

Unit Status

This unit is an Optional Unit for candidates undertaking the Level 3 Diploma in Fire Science and Fire Safety.

Note: candidates are **not** permitted to use this unit in combination with Unit 3: Fire Service Operations and Incident Command - International.

Content

1. Pre-planning

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
1.1 Explain the purpose of preplanning for incidents and assess the issues within different contexts	 Incidents to include: All fire situations All rescue situations Major incidents and incidents involving civil disturbance Acts of terrorism and natural disaster Incidents involving hazardous materials Information gathering on local risks The safety of all emergency responders, non-emergency personnel working alongside and members of the public, including bystanders The mitigation of environmental impact Calculations with regard resources, equipment and personnel Liaison with other agencies, key site personnel, responsible persons, government representatives and other external partners/stakeholders Conformation with legal requirements Working to meet policy and organisational objectives

2. Incident Command and Management

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
2.1 Explain the key principles of the Incident Command System	 The three functional areas of the Incident Command System (ICS) The three levels of management applied at operational incidents The role of other agencies within the ICS The common framework under which responders integrate at multi-agency incidents
2.2 Explain the roles and responsibilities of personnel within the incident command structure	 The role and responsibilities of the Incident Commander at Operational level The role and responsibilities of the Sector Commander at incidents The relationship between the Incident Commander, the Sector Commander and the Incident Command system The role and responsibilities of Command Support The progression at an incident from first pump attending to the arrival of a dedicated vehicle The responsibility for determining the cause of an incident

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	The range and the types of evidence available at an operational incident
2.3 Explain the requirements for the successful management of risk at operational incidents	 Definition of a hazard, risk and control measure The categories of risk assessment The risk philosophy applied to the management of operational incidents The Dynamic Risk Assessment The tactical mode options available at incidents The hierarchy of control measures in relation to managing risks Effective decision making at operational incidents
2.4 Explain the need for effective lines and methods of communication at incidents	 The lines of communication available at incidents in relation to an Incident Commander's span of control The impact of poor or inappropriate communication The methods of briefing of crews at operational incidents Sectorisation utilised at operational incidents
2.5 Explain the principles for general control and tactics for resolving emergency incidents and explain when and how these principles should be applied to different contexts	 Need for evacuation at fires Strategy and tactics involved in rescue work Objectives of ventilation at fires Aims and principles of salvage/damage control Procedures for ensuring the safety of both personnel and public How to identify signs and symptoms of stress in relation to trauma and/or work based activity Actions to reduce the exposure to and impact on operational personnel and casualties

3. Fire & Rescue Procedures – Operations and Tactics

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
3.1 Explain the process and principles of fire development in relation to the procedures for extinguishing fires in different contexts.	 The identification of different types of burning material and the effects on building construction Ways in which fires can spread detected and undetected both internally and externally Principles and application of ventilation Flashover, backdraught and fire gas explosion.
3.2 Assess the operational response and tactics along with both general and specialist techniques that may be required for dealing with fires that occur in different contexts.	 Fires in the built environment, to include fires in: buildings under construction and demolition or derelict high rise properties or buildings with atriums, basements and tunnels leisure facilities, camp sites and temporary structures waste sites (including renewable energy facilities) retail and leisure facilities
(Note: further amplification of the range of situations is provided in sections 5 and 6 below.)	 industrial/petrochemical processes hospitals, health care and educational establishments prisons and places of lawful detention places of research and laboratories premises used for the generation, distribution, storage or supply of gas, LPG, electricity, solar panels and other sources of power historical buildings and premises containing valuable artefacts including Heritage buildings, museums and galleries
	 Fires involving transportation by road, rail, air and waterways, to include: Modes of transportation, ie vehicles rolling stock, aircraft and vessels Infrastructure, such as roads, terminals, stations, docks, marinas, etc. Wildfires , to include Rural areas such as forests, heath land, wildland, crops, bush, etc Farms, farm buildings, processes and equipment
3.3 Evaluate the benefits of salvage operations and controlled burn strategies	 Salvage considerations to prevent avoidable damage and mitigate the effects of fire and firefighting operations Subsequent effects on business continuity and restoration of normality Environmental, community and business impacts of control burn strategies
3.4 Assess the operational	Rescues from the built environment, to include:

response and tactics along with the specialist techniques and methodologies involved when	 Entry into and searching of buildings and collapsed structures Release of trapped persons from machinery, lifts,
carrying out rescue operations	 escalators Rescues from sub-surface and confined spaces, to include:
(Note: further amplification of the range of situations is provided in sections 5 and 6 below.)	 Entry into and searching of tunnels and shafts Vat, silo, sewer, trench, pit, chimney Rescues from transportation incidents, to include: Extrication of persons from vehicles, trains, aircraft, ships and boats Rescues from height, to include: Working at height or with ropes including: Buildings, cranes, shafts, cliffs and other permanent or temporary structures Rescues from water and unstable ground to include: People, property and vehicles from flood water Incidents involving still and fast flowing water Incidents involving ice, mud and other free
	flowing solids Large animals and humanitarian rescues Rescues from incidents involving hazardous materials, to include: Hazmat release by defect, natural occurrence, or human act.
3.5 Evaluate and assess the operational procedures and tactical response to terrorist related incidents and civil unrest.	 Incidents involving: High level terrorist threats or acts, including release of chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear contamination. Explosive devices such as Improvised explosive devices or suicide bombings Marauding firearm attacks Low level threats or acts from groups making protestations. Major incidents and civil disturbances
3.6 Assess the special hazards and explain the safe systems of work required to protect people, property and the environment when responding to operational incidents in different contexts. (Note: further amplification of the	 Fires/Rescues in the built environment Fires/Rescues involving transportation by road, rail, air and waterways Wildfires Fires/Rescues involving hazardous materials Rescues from sub surface and confined spaces Rescues from height
range of situations is rovided in sections 5 and 6 below.)	 Rescues from water and unstable ground Large animals and humanitarian rescues

4. Post-Incident Actions

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
4.1 Explain how to close down the operational phase of an incident	 Measures to hand over control of an incident to the appropriate person, agency or authority Actions to identify and mitigate hazards and associated risks within operational restraints
4.2 Explain the principles and the value of debriefs and apply these principles to different contexts	 How to contribute to a post-incident debrief appropriate to the type and scale of the incident How to gather all relevant information from internal and external sources How to engage crews in debriefing and to review crew welfare and learning issues How to implement remedial measures to improve future practice and performance Effects of critical incidents on the personal resilience of attending personnel and taking steps to manage staff welfare
4.3 Determine the requirements for scene preservation when required for further investigations	 Further investigation to include: Fire Investigation Fire Safety Investigation Health and Safety Investigation Criminal Investigation Internal Investigation How to identify, preserve, gather and present potential evidence identified at the incident to support a subsequent investigation

5. Incidents Involving Buildings

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
5.1 Assess the hazards presented and	Building methods to include:
the implications for firefighting and	 Framed and unframed buildings
rescue operations on the incident	Steel and concrete frame
ground due to building structure and	Concrete construction methods
the behaviour of different elements of	 Composite and Modular construction
structure.	 Portal frame and Glulam construction
	 Traditional heritage
	 Modern methods of construction
	 Claddings and fixing methods
	Staircases
	 Roofs, ceilings and roof lights
	 Flooring and fixing methods
	 Doors and windows
	 Non load bearing walls and partitions
	Elements of structure include:
	Columns and Beams

	 Load bearing and compartment walls
	Floors and frames
	Enclosed protected shafts and staircases
5.2 Assess the effects of building	Building facilities to include:
facilities in relation to fire spread and	Heating and Air Conditioning systems
explain how fixed installations may be	 Ventilation and smoke handling systems
utilised to progress firefighting	Stairwell and pressurisation systems
operations and assist with business	Lifts and Escalators
continuity.	 Service utilities such as electricity, gas, oil and water
	Fixed installation to include:
	 Sprinkler, drencher and water spray projection systems
	Rising mains, falling mains and hosereels
	Foam and flooding systems including
	Gas/vapour and dry powder systems
	Automatic fire detection and alarm systems
	Communication and security systems

6. Incidents Involving Transportation

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
6.1 Explain the hazards and actions that should be considered when working with ships/boats and marine infrastructure	 Hazards and risks when working: Alongside waterways, docks, harbour and marina infrastructure. On or with ships and boats Measures incorporated into ships to assist firefighting and provide fire protection Concept of bouyancy and procedures for ensuring stability during firefighting operations Factors relevant to ship firefighting both in ports and at sea
6.2 Explain the hazards and actions that should be considered when working with railways and rail infrastructure	 Hazards and risks when working: Alongside railway lines, sidings and at other rail premises. On or with trains and rolling stock Design features of railways and types of trains and rolling stock Rail and train power systems Identification of freight including signage of goods and information retrieval systems Firefighting and emergency procedures for railway incidents

6.3 Explain the hazards and actions that should be considered when working with vehicles and on roadways	 Hazards and risks when working: On roadways and motorways With vehicles including cars, LGV's and specialist vehicles. General features of road networks Identification of freight including signage of goods and information retrieval systems Fuel systems, MMMFs and SRS Firefighting and emergency procedures for incidents on roadways
6.4 Explain the hazards and actions that should be considered when working with aircraft and at aerodromes	 Hazards and risks when working: At aircraft crash sites both on and off an aerodrome With civil and military aircraft, including fixed wing and rotary wing aircraft Firefighting and emergency procedures for incidents involving aircraft and/or airports

7. Fire and Rescue Equipment

Assessment Objective	Knowledge, Understanding and Skills
7.1 Explain how to deploy appropriate firefighting equipment and other resources	Select and use appropriate equipment, resources and specialist skills to meet the needs of the incident
7.2 Assess the provision and operational use of water supplies for firefighting purposes and determine tactics to resolve issues	 Provision of supplies of water for firefighting purposes Operational use of water from its supply for firefighting purposes
7.3 Assess the provision and operational use of various types of foam and foam making equipment and determine tactics to resolve issues	 Production and application of foam for firefighting purposes Properties of the various foams and foam concentrates Expansion rates of foam and factors to be taken into account when using foam to extinguish a fire
7.4 Evaluate the use of ladders and the procedures for safe working at height	General principles and precautions when working with all ladders and aerial ladder platforms
7.5 Explain the performance requirements of and evaluate the procedures for using Breathing Apparatus (BA) and associated equipment	 Management, control and safety procedures for using Breathing Apparatus Component parts and testing procedures for Breathing Apparatus Associated equipment to include; Communication Equipment, Personal Lines, Guidelines, Telemetry Equipment and all types of

	resuscitation equipment
7.6 Explain the performance requirements and the construction of the various types of chemical protective clothing and how these apply in different situations	 Operating principles of using Gas Tight Chemical Protection suits and limited protection splash suits General maintenance and safety precautions
7.7 Explain the selection of detection, identification and monitoring equipment used in relation to radiation incidents	 Operating principles of Radiation measuring equipment, Personal protective equipment and Decontamination equipment General maintenance and safety precautions applicable to all detection identification and monitoring equipment
7.8 Explain the performance requirements and evaluate the selection of rescue equipment to be used during extrication, heavy lifting and search and rescue	 Operating principles of all cutting, spreading, stabilisation equipment Operating principles of all Search and Rescue Equipment Operating principles of hauling and lifting equipment, including blocks and tackle, and the associated anchoring methods General maintenance and safety precautions applicable to all rescue equipment
7.9 Explain the performance requirements and evaluate the selection of ropes and lines and how these apply in different rescue situations	 Operating principles when using ropes and lines General maintenance and safety precautions applicable to all rope and line equipment
7.10 Explain the performance requirements and evaluate the selection of various types of water and unstable rescue equipment and ancillaries	 Operating principles when using Throwlines/safety lines, Inflatable Rescue Boats, outboard motor engines, Mud paths and lances General maintenance and safety precautions applicable to all water rescue equipment